Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2016 Selected Poverty related indicators

	Poverty Indicators (for expenditure reported households)									
Indicator	Poverty R	tate (Headcount ra	itio in %)	Poverty Ga						
	National Poverty Line (MVR 74)	High Poverty Line (MVR 148)	International Poverty Line (MVR 70)	National Poverty Line (MVR 74)	High Poverty Line (MVR 148)	International Poverty Line (MVR 70)	Inequality (Gini Coefficient)			
Republic	8.2%	46.5%	6.6%	1.6%	13.9%	1.3%	0.313			
Male'	1.7%	21.3%	1.5%	0.3%	4.3%	0.2%	0.284			
Atolls	12.8%	64.7%	10.4%	2.6%	20.8%	2.1%	0.276			
North Thiladhunmathi (HA)	7.7%	57.0%	6.2%	1.4%	17.1%	1.0%	0.269			
South Thiladhunmathi (HDh)	11.2%	68.5%	7.7%	1.6%	20.4%	1.1%	0.246			
North Miladhunmadulu (Sh)	8.2%	63.0%	5.3%	1.4%	18.7%	1.0%	0.244			
South Miladhunmadulu (N)	3.7%	45.4%	3.4%	0.9%	12.2%	0.7%	0.264			
North Maalhosmadulu (R)	17.6%	69.2%	14.7%	3.3%	23.9%	2.5%	0.306			
South Maalhosmadulu (B)	13.4%	66.0%	10.1%	3.2%	22.8%	2.7%	0.273			
Faadhippolhu (Lh)	6.0%	55.7%	1.6%		14.7%	0.4%	0.238			
Male' Atoll (K)	15.7%	65.0%	15.3%	4.6%	22.0%	3.9%	0.283			
North Ari Atoll (AA)	16.5%	74.8%	11.0%	3.2%	23.6%	2.6%	0.248			
South Ari Atoll (ADh)	8.0%	67.1%	5.2%	1.0%	18.5%	0.6%	0.209			
Felidhu Atoll (V)	1.7%	56.4%	1.7%	0.4%	14.1%	0.3%	0.229			
Mulakatholhu (M)	7.1%	58.7%	6.2%	1.5%	16.4%	1.2%	0.238			
North Nilandhe Atoll (F)	8.7%	66.8%	6.4%	1.4%	19.9%	1.0%	0.261			
South Nilandhe Atoll (Dh)	17.2%	75.8%	14.5%	2.9%	25.4%	2.2%	0.232			
Kolhumadulu (Th)	16.1%	69.1%	13.8%	4.3%	24.4%	3.7%	0.306			
Hadhdhunmathi (L)	8.1%	54.3%	6.0%	1.3%	15.7%	1.0%	0.277			
North Huvadhu Atoll (GA)	12.0%	58.2%	8.3%	1.9%	18.0%	1.4%	0.304			
South Huvadhu Atoll (GDh)	23.8%	68.9%	20.5%	6.1%	27.7%	5.1%	0.327			
Gnaviyani (Gn)	14.7%	73.4%	13.1%	3.2%	24.3%	2.5%	0.281			
Addu (S)	19.1%	71.9%	17.4%	3.9%	25.3%	3.0%	0.276			

Note:

- 1- National Poverty Line is set at half the median of total Expenditure in the Consumption Aggregate (which is MVR 74)
- 2- High Poverty Line is set at median of total Expenditure in the Consumption Aggregate (which is MVR 148)
- 3- International Poverty Line takes the value given for Upper Middle-income country of \$5.50 (After adjustment for PPP and inflation gives MVR 70)
- 4- Poverty rate or the headcount ratio is the percentage of population living below a given poverty line (poor people)
- 5- Poverty Gap Index measures the depth of poverty by determining the gap between the actual state of an individual and the poverty line
- 6- Gini Coefficient measures the extent to which the distribution of consumption among individuals/households differs from a perfectly equal one. Gini coefficient takes the value between 0 and 1. A value of 0 represents absolute equality with everybody consuming the same amount. A value of 1 represent inequality where all consumption is concentrated in one person.

Sustainable Development Goals(SDG) Indicators on Poverty and other important indicators

	als(SDG) Indicators on Poverty and other important indicators Poverty Indicators (for expenditure reporte					households)		
Indicator			rty Line of US \$5.50 (MVR 70) National Poverty Line (MVR 74)			How it is derived		
Proportion of population below the given poverty li	Republic ine by sex:	Male'	Atolls	Republic	Male ¹	Atolls		
Both Sexes	6.6%	1.5%	10.4%	8.2%	1.7%	12.8%	This is derived by dividing the number of persons in Maldives living in households below the given poverty line by total number of persons in Maldives in the same period multiplied by 100	
Male	6.5%	1.4%	10.4%	8.1%	1.7%	13.1%	This is derived by dividing the number of Men living in households below the given poverty line in Maldives by total number Men in Maldives in the same period multiplied by 100	
Female	6.7%	1.6%	10.3%	8.2%	1.7%		This is derived by dividing the number of Women living in households below the given poverty line in Maldives by total number Women in Maldives in the same period multiplied by 100	
Proportion of population below the given pove	rty line by age gro	up:					This is desired by dividing the growth and a bildren and O. 14 years living in	
Population less than 15 years (0-14 years)	8.3%	1.3%	12.2%	10.1%	1.5%		This is derived by dividing the number of children aged 0 -14 years living in households below the given poverty line by total number of children aged 0-14 years multiplied by 100	
working age group (15-64 years)	6.0%	1.7%	9.7%	7.5%	1.9%		This is derived by dividing the number of working age population (15-64) years living in households below the given poverty line by total number of working age population multiplied by 100	
Elderly (65+ years)	5.1%	0.0%	7.0%	6.2%	0.0%		This is derived by dividing the number of of elderly population aged 65+ years living in households below the given poverty line by total number of elderly population aged 65+ years multiplied by 100	
Children (0-17 years)	8.3%	1.4%	12.4%	10.1%	1.5%		This is derived by dividing the number of children aged 0 -17 years living in households below the given poverty line by total number of children aged 0-17 years multiplied by 100	
International Youth (15-24 years)	7.7%	3.0%	12.4%	9.2%	3.2%		This is derived by dividing the number of international youth age group (15-24 years) living in households below the given poverty line by total number of International youth (aged 15-24 years) multiplied by 100	
National Youth (18-35 years)	6.0%	1.5%	10.1%	7.4%	1.8%		This is derived by dividing the number of National youth (18-35 years) living in households below the given poverty line by total number of National youth (18-35 yearss)multiplied by 100	
	Proportion of 15+ population below the given poverty line by economic activity status:							
Both Sexes employed (working poverty rate)	4.5%	1.3%	7.2%	5.6%	1.6%	0.2%	This is derived by dividing the number of employed persons living in households below the given poverty line by total number of employed perons aged 15+ years multiplied by 100	
unemployed	6.2%	2.6%	11.2%	7.1%	2.6%	13.4%	This is derived by dividing the number of unemployed persons living in households below the given poverty line by total number of unemployed perons aged 15+ years multiplied by 100	
outside the labour force	7.5%	1.9%	11.4%	9.1%	2.1%	14.1%	This is derived by dividing the number of persons 15+ who are outside the labour living in households below the given poverty line by total number of persons 15+ who are outside the labour multiplied by 100	
Male								
employed	4.5%	0.8%	8.2%	5.9%	1.1%	10.5%	This is derived by dividing the number of employed MEN living in households below the given poverty line by total number of employed MEN aged 15+ years multiplied by 100	
unemployed	7.6%	4.0%	13.0%	8.7%	4.0%	15.7%	This is derived by dividing the number of unemployed MEN living in households below the given poverty line by total number of unemployed MEN aged 15+ years multiplied by 100	
outside the labour force	8.0%	3.0%	11.3%	10.1%	3.3%	14.5%	This is derived by dividing the number of MEN 15+ who are outside the labour living in households below the given poverty line by total number of MEN 15+ who are outside the labour multiplied by 100	
Female							This is derived by dividing the number of employed WOMEN living in	
employed	4.4%	2.4%	5.9%	5.3%	2.6%	7.3%	households below the given poverty line by total number of employed WOMEN aged 15+ years multiplied by 100	
unemployed	3.7%	0.0%	8.2%	4.4%	0.0%	9.7%	This is derived by dividing the number of unemployed WOMEN living in households below the given poverty line by total number of unemployed WOMEN aged 15+ years multiplied by 100	
outside the labour force	7.3%	1.5%	11.5%	8.7%	1.7%	13.9%	This is derived by dividing the number of WOMEN 15+ who are outside the labour living in households below the given poverty line by total number of WOMEN 15+ who are outside the labour multiplied by 100	

Note:
1- National Poverty Line is set at half the median of total Expenditure in the Consumption Aggregate (which is MVR 74)
2- International Poverty Line takes the value given for Upper Middle-income country of \$5.50 (After adjustment for PPP and inflation gives MVR 70)

Sustainable Development Goals(SDG) Indicators on Poverty and other important indicators

Indicator	International Poverty Line of US \$5.50 (MVR 70)		Poverty Indicators (for expenditure reported National Poverty Line (MVR 74)			How it is derived		
	Republic	Male'	Atolis	Republic	Male'	Atolls	How it is derived	
Proportion of 15+ population below the given Both Sexes	poverty line by em	ployment status:						
Employee	4.3%	1.4%	7.7%	5.2%	1.6%	9.5%	This is derived by dividing the number of employees (15+ years) living in households below the given poverty line by total number of employees aged 15+ years multiplied by 100	
Employer or owner (with employees)	2.1%	0.0%	4.5%	2.6%	0.0%	5.5%	This is derived by dividing the number of employer or owner (15+ years) living in households below the given poverty line by total number of employer or owner aged 15+ years multiplied by 100	
Own account worker	4.1%	0.0%	5.7%	5.9%	1.4%	7.7%	This is derived by dividing the number of own account workers (15+ years) living in households below the given poverty line by total number of own account workesr aged 15+ years multiplied by 100	
own account worker(with family members)	3.6%	0.0%	4.9%	4.3%	0.0%	6.0%	This is derived by dividing the number of own account workers with family members (15+ years) living in households below the given poverty line by tot number of own account workers with family members 15+ years multiplied b	
Contributing family worker	6.4%	0.0%	7.1%	7.2%	0.0%	8.0%	This is derived by dividing the number of contributing family workers (15+ years) living in households below the given poverty line by total number of contributing family workers (15+ years) multiplied by 100	
Group worker	8.8%	16.1%	7.6%	12.6%	16.1%	12.0%	This is derived by dividing the number of group workers (15+ years) who are outside the labour living in households below the given poverty line by tota number of group workers (15+ years) who are outside the labour multiplied 100	
Male							This is derived by dividing the number of MALE employees (15+ years) living in	
Employee	4.2%	0.5%	8.8%	5.3%	0.8%	10.9%	households below the given poverty line by total number of MALE employees aged 15+ years multiplied by 100 This is derived by dividing the number of MALE employer or owner (15+ years)	
Employer or owner (with employees)	1.9%	0.0%	4.4%	2.5%	0.0%	5.8%	living in households below the given poverty line by total number of MALE employer or owner aged 15+ years multiplied by 100	
Own account worker	4.8%	0.0%	7.1%	6.7%	1.5%	9.2%	This is derived by dividing the number of MALE own account worker (15+ years) living in households below the given poverty line by total number of MALE own account worker aged 15+ years multiplied by 100	
Own account worker(with family members)	1.8%	0.0%	2.8%	2.8%	0.0%	4.4%	This is derived by dividing the number of MALE own account worker with family members (15+ years) living in households below the given poverty lin by total number of MALE own account worker with family members 15+ year multiplied by 100	
Contributing family worker	7.6%	0.0%	8.1%	8.8%	0.0%	9.5%	This is derived by dividing the number of MALE contributing family workers (15+ years) living in households below the given poverty line by total numbe of MALE contributing family workers (15+ years) multiplied by 100	
Group worker	8.5%	18.2%	6.9%	12.4%	18.2%	11.5%	This is derived by dividing the number of MALE group workers (15+ years) who are outside the labour living in households below the given poverty line by total number of MALE group workers (15+ years) who are outside the labour multiplied by 100	
Female							This is derived by dividing the number of FEMALE employees (15+ years) living	
Employee	4.4%	3.0%	5.9%	5.0%	3.0%	7.3%	in households below the given poverty line by total number of FEMALE employees aged 15+ years multiplied by 100 This is derived by dividing the number of FEMALE employer or owner (15+	
Employer or owner (with employees)	3.3%	0.0%	4.8%	3.3%	0.0%	4.8%	years) living in households below the given poverty line by total number of FEMALE employer or owner aged 15+ years multiplied by 100	
Own account worker	3.7%	0.0%	4.9%	5.5%	1.3%	6.8%	This is derived by dividing the number of FEMALE own account worker (15+6 years) living in households below the given poverty line by total number of FEMALE own account worker aged 15+ years multiplied by 100	
own account worker(with family members)	4.9%	0.0%	6.2%	5.4%	0.0%	6.9%	This is derived by dividing the number of FEMALE own account worker with family members (15+ years) living in households below the given poverty liby total number of FEMALE own account worker with family members 15+ years multiplied by 100	
Contributing family worker	5.4%	0.0%	6.1%	5.8%	0.0%	6.6%	This is derived by dividing the number of FEMALE contributing family workers (15+ years) living in households below the given poverty line by total number of FEMALE contributing family workers (15+ years) multiplied by 100	
Group worker	11.4%	0.0%	13.5%	14.2%	0.0%	16.9%	This is derived by dividing the number of FEMALE group workers (15+ years) who are outside the labour living in households below the given poverty line by total number of FEMALE group workers (15+ years) who are outside the labour multiplied by 100	
Proportion of population below given poverty I Both Sexes	6.6%	1.5%	10.4%	8.2%	1.7%		This is derived by dividing the number of household heads living below the given poverty line by total number of household head in Maldives in the same period multiplied by 100	
Male	6.3%	1.0%	10.4%	7.8%	1.0%		This is derived by dividing the MALE household heads living below the given poverty line by total number of MALE household heads in Maldives in the same period multiplied by 100	
Female	7.3%	2.5%	10.3%	8.8%	3.2%		This is derived by dividing the FEMALE household heads living below the given poverty line by total number of FEMALE household heads in Maldives in the same period multiplied by 100	
Proportion of population below given poverty I	ine by household s	size					This is derived by dividing the population living in households with 1-4	
1-4 members	2.3%	0.0%	4.0%	3.0%	0.0%	5.2%	members living below the given poverty line by total number of population	
5-6 members	5.0%	0.0%	8.7%	6.2%	0.0%	10.9%	members living below the given poverty line by total number of population living in househods with 5-6 members in Maldives in the same period multiplied by 100	
7-8 members	10.0%	7.8%	11.6%	12.0%	7.8%	15.0%	This is derived by dividing the population living in households with 7-8 members living below the given poverty line by total number of population living in househods with 7-8 members in Maldives in the same period multiplied by 100	
9 or more members	10.3%	0.0%	17.3%	12.6%	0.9%	20.5%	This is derived by dividing the population living in households with more than 9 members living below the given poverty line by total number of population living in househods with more than 9 members in Maldives in the same period multiplied by 100	

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